Educational Program			Logistics year 3 2016-2017					
CODE	IBLLOG03R3	ECTS	2	Year of Study	3	Block	3 + 4	
Outline module								

In today's competitive marketplace companies need to find new ways to create and deliver value. Managers start to understand that cost reduction and improved service can go along. This course provides an in-depth understanding of logistics and the change to Supply Chain Management and customer-driven logistics.

In general students have to apply their knowledge.

Qualifications

Contribution to ROM

Supporting the module "import enterprise year 2"

Contribution to:

- 1. Intercultural intelligence @ language level 1 & 2
- 2. Entrepreneurship level 1 & 2
- 3. Import policy level 1 & 2
- 4. Export policy level 1 & 2

Meaning level 1:

- Student is able to apply directly according to known structured methods.
- Student is working in a simple, known and structured environment.
- Student is able to collect, select and evaluate information. Working in groups are supported by supervision.

Meaning level 2:

- Student is working is a less structured situation and has to adjust himself to changing situations.
- Student is working in a known, more complex and structured context.
- Student is working either on his own or in a team. He is working according to guidelines and procedures in a complex situation.

Professional product:

This module is supportive in writing a business plan, purchase- and import plan

Context / interconnection

Learning Tracks

This module is a part of the IBL main phase.

Relation with other modules/subjects

This module is supporting the export project year 3.

Conditions

none

Objectives / outcomes

This part will be revised based on the book Supply Chain management

- Describe the basic (logistics) processes within and between organizations, i.e. Logistics vs Supply Chain Management
- Explain the systems approach, i.e. the relation between inventory, transportation and warehousing/production (with help of a presentation)
- Describe the function of Operations in an organization
- Explain the basic principles of inventory management (EOQ, ABC re-order point and turnover) and apply these with help of basic calculations and use of MS Excel
- Figure out the key customer trends and business drivers
- Describe the basic organizational structure of logistics with help of an organizational flow chart
- Illustrate transportation considerations in international distribution
- Identify the documentation as well as terms of sale and methods of payment for international shipments
- Explain the relation between marketing and logistics
- Explain the concept of Customer Service and Customer Service Levels and performance measurement
- Compare the different transportation modes by explaining the differences with help of a table
- Explain the principles of packaging and handling

Assessment

Test Criteria: Examination XXXXX

- Explain the basic activities in warehousing with help of a basic process flow
- Explain the influence of logistics on the financial performance of an organization with help of the Strategic Profit Model

Assessment Methods Written (exam) Logistics I Written (exam) Logistics II block 3 block 4 Description Exam Exam **Details on Format** "Exam method – open "Exam method – open questions" questions" Individual Individual Individual/Group Weighting 100 % 100 % Aids Grading Scale of Result Scale of 1-10 Scale of 1-10 **Resit Details** Resit Exam Week Resit Exam Week Review / feedback In Exam Review Session In Exam Review Session **Special Conditions** 5.5 5.5 **Minimum Requirements** None None Compensation Period of validity As Per OER As Per OER **Attendance** As the classes are practical, students must attend 80% of classes. **Programming** Instruction Method(s) Central lecture and workshop style

Room with computer/beamer facilities

2

Contact Hours per Week

Facilities/ classroom

Content and planning of lectures and exams/assessments

Blck Wk	Sst (hrs)	Cont. Hours	Instruction Methods / Exams	Group Size Theory/Pra ctical	Content
Week 1		2	Central lecture		Ch2. What is Logistics?
Week 2.		2	Central lecture		Ch.1 What is Supply Chain Management?
Week 3		2	Central lecture		Chr.4 Procurement and sourcing & Ch.11 Global Supply Chains
Week 4		2	Central lecture		Ch.3 Customer Service: Logistics and Marketing
Week 5		2	Central lecture		Ch.7 the purpose of inventory
Week 6		2	Central lecture		Ch.8 Transportation
Week 7		2	Central lecture		International Distribution & Customs and Trade affairs
Week 8		2	Central lecture		Reserve
Week 1		2	Central lecture & workshop style		Ch.6 Sales & Operations Planning
Week 2.		2	Central lecture & workshop style		Ch.13 Operations analysis
Week 3		2	Central lecture & workshop style		Ch5. Manufacturing
Week 4		2	Central lecture & workshop style		Ch.15 Performance measuring
Week 5		2	Central lecture & workshop style		Ch.9 Warehousing & Ch10. Packaging and handling
Week 6		2	Central lecture & workshop style		Ch.12 Network design
Week 7		2	Central lecture & workshop style		Reserve
Week 8		2	Central lecture & workshop style		Review

	Remarks	Students participa	ation			
Literature and A	ids					
Main Source:						
	Title		Supply Chain Logistics Management			
	Туре		Book			
		ory literature :	Yes			
	ISBN	•	978-007-132621-6			
	Author(s)	Bowersox, Danold J., David J. Closs, Donald j., Bixby cooper, M. & Bowersox John C.			
	Publisher	r	McGraw-Hill			
	Year Pub	olished	2013 (4 th ed)			
Other source:	Website:					
Educational resources, including software tools.	None.					
Lecturers						
T.b.a.						
Document Details		, 				
Contactperson						
Author		J. Buurman				
Version		<u>I</u>				
ł		01-06-2016				
Previous Module		-				
Date of change to new		-				
Module Code		Charles and Farmer				
Appendices		Study load form Test matrix				
		Test example Answering mode	I / score form			
		rubric	.,, 5557.5.151			

T.b.a.

Appendix Two: Test Matrix

Assessment Matrice	Logistics Year 3						
Name lecturers	t.b.a.						
Assessment Analysis	Exam developer delivers to the Examinations Advisory Committee: Module / Assessment matrix / Exam or Assignment / Assessment criteria (for open questions: excellent = ? p./ sufficient = ? p./)						
Course	Logistics year 3 – IBLLOG03R3						
Block:	Block 3 & 4	Block 3 & 4					
Type of Assessment:	Exam						
Time for Exam:	120 minutes						
Total Exam Points	100						
Ceasuur (go/ no go)	5.5						
Competence (ies)							
Performance indicator(s) + Dublin Descriptor	Dublin Descriptors: Knowledge, Understanding and Applying Performance Indicators: Understand the nature of the problemanagement. Identify and understand scenarios we Demonstrate the ability to analyze were	ems found in the field of log which occur in logistics. warious situations using app		and			
	 methods to provide insight into pos Apply the tools and techniques used situations. 		o real world				
Role(s):	Not Applicable						
Professional Product(s)	None						
Discipline name former modules to test also previous relevant modules on behalf of integrated exams),	Exam Assessment items Student:	Bloom Code: 1.knowledge 2.understanding 3.apply 4.problemsolving: .analyse .create	Number of questions				
		.evaluate					
	Understand logistical issues in procurement, manufacturing, warehousing, packaging, transportation	Understanding & Apply	5	15			

2.	understand the basic issues involved in inventory management			
	management		6	100
		Total		55% is 5.5
		Caesura		33/0 13 3.3

Discipline (name former modules to test also previous relevant modules on behalf of integrated exams),	Assignment Assessment items Student:	Bloom Code: 1.knowledge 2.understanding 3.apply 4.problemsolving: .analyse .create .evaluate	Number of questions	Weighing Factor Per question
	In class Assignments (Total 7): Apply knowledge and understanding to the following subjects;	Knowledge & understanding & APPLY	0,1,2,3,4,	0
	1. Logistics, 2.procurement, 3. Manufacturing, 4. inventory, 5. Packaging & Handling,		5	60
	6. Warehouse, 7. Transportation		6	80
			7	100
		Total		100 60% is 6.0
		Caesura		

Appendix Three: Text Example

Question 3 [15p]

Your family runs a clothing shop in a shopping center, it was quite promising. However, recently due to high cost of leasing and economic recession, the margin is much less than expected. Therefore you want to transform your family business to an online shop.

Considering that you need to transform traditional logistics to e-logistics, what will the differences be? Give at least 3 and give argumentation. (3p each)

Question 3 [15p] - Chapter 2: Logistics, Bowersox Answer:

- 1. Stocks: stock control as part of e-business is maybe even more critical than stock control in a traditional environment, because the customer has less alternatives (than in a shop) and therefore a quick delivery is very important.
- 2. Warehousing: only for a sufficient critical mass in a traditional environment it is worth investing in fully automated or robotized order-picking systems that are able to pick by the name of the final user. E-business results in the customer order uncoupling point (CODP) shifting upstream strongly. This results in large amounts of small orders. In this case investments in fully automated picking systems are not always worth investing.
- 3. Transport: in a traditional environment, flows are bulkier and goods are delivered directly to the customer. E-business has made the logistic flows between trade and industry thinner and thinner, but more high-frequent. Direct distribution is becoming less rewarding. This problem occurs more strongly in e-business toward consumers and industrial buyers. Logistic collaboration between suppliers is considered a good solution by manufacturers as well as retailers for condensing logistic flows
- 4. Lead time
- 5. Reverse logistics/return policy

Mentioned any 3 of above + argumentation, 4points each. 3point for bonus if all are good.

Rubric to be added